Our Experience with Nursing Care Plan: A Journey since 1990's

American University of Beirut Medical Center Nursing Services

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Nursing Care Plan At AUBMC

Nursing Care Plan has always been considered as essential component in the daily care of AUBMC staff nurses since decades

The good old days

Until late 1990's, staff nurses used to document the care plan on the cardex.

Care plan was fully documented with selected diagnosis, and interventions.

Care plan was updated on regular intervals.

The Year 1999-2007

NANDA

NURSING DIAGNOSES: DEFINITIONS & CLASSIFICATION

1999-2000

Celebrating 25 Years...

NORTH AMERICAN NURSING DIAGNOSIS ASSOCIATION

Initial Assessment and Health History

	Patient Name: Case Nº:	
The risk of the second	NURSING ADMISSION PHYSICAL ASSESSMENT	
The second secon	NEUROSENSORY	Nursing Diagnosis
	Level of Consciousness: Oriented Disoriented/Confused	☐ Altered sensory perception (16)
	□ Lethargic □ Obtunded □ Stuporous	☐ Altered sleep pattern (17)
A LA CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	□ Comatose □ Others :	☐ Impaired communication (6)
The same of the same	Pupils:	☐ Altered thought process (18)
MY SHOWER	Reactive to light: Right eye No Yes	☐ Altered comfort (5)
NAME OF THE PARTY	Left eye □ No □ Yes	Potential physical injury (10)
AND THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF	Eyes:	☐ Self care deficit (15)
	Speech: Normal / Clear Slurred	☐ Impaired tissue integrity (13)
E1/4	☐ Aphasic ☐ Inappropriate ☐ Others :	☐ Impaired physical mobility (11)
DVI	Sleep / Rest : Denies problem Problems as :	☐ Altered bowel elimination (3)
	OXYGENATION	Self care deficit (15)
WX4	Cardiovascular No abnormalities assessed	☐ Altered sleep pattern (17)
MADY	Heart Rhythm: Irregular Others:	☐ Altered fluid volume (8) ☐ Altered cardiac function (4)
AAV!	Neck Veins : □ Distended	Altered comfort (5)
84.01	Others: Vertigo Syncope Others:	☐ Altered tissue perfusion (19)
题材	□ Pacemaker □ Other cardiac devices :	Activity intolerance (1)
DIA .	Pulses:	□ Potential physical injury (10)
	Respiratory No abnormalities assessed	☐ Altered respiratory function (14)
MAN AND THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	Breathing: Labored Dyspnea Rapid Shallow	☐ High risk for infection (9)
CAN STREET STATES	Quality: Orthopnea Accessory muscles used	☐ Altered body temperature (2)
The Sale of the sa	Pain on Inspiration - Expiration Others:	☐ Ineffective coping (7)
IN LEGISLA STOPPENDING	Breath sounds: ☐ Crackles Rt - Lt ☐ Diminished Rt - Lt ☐ Wheezes Rt - Lt ☐ Absent Rt - Lt	☐ Knowledge deficit (21)
MYDE	Cough: Productive Non productive	The William Control
	Tubes/ Devices :	
WALL STATE	Tubesi Devices .	
WIII COMPANY	ELIMINATION	
NAME OF THE PARTY	Bowel: No abnormalities assessed	
A.P.B	Date of last bm:Frequency: Constipation Laxative use Hemorrhoids	☐ Altered bowel elimination (3)
	☐ Constipation ☐ Laxative use ☐ Hemorrhoids	☐ Impaired tissue integrity (13)
M Suisia	□ Bloody stool □ Diarrhea □ Incontinence	☐ Altered nutrition (12)
	Ostomy (Type): Others	☐ Altered body temperature (2)
SIM SANT NE	Bowel Sounds: Absent at (specify)	☐ High risk for infection (9)
(18 - 4 T + T + T + T)	Abdomen:	☐ Altered urine elimination (20)
	Others :	☐ Altered fluid volume (8)
The Party of the P	Bladder : □ No abnormalities assessed □ Distended □ Frequency □ Urgency	☐ Knowledge deficit (21)
The state of the s	D Districted D Principality D Herrefords	

American University of Beirut Medical Center **Nursing Services Nursing Care Plan**

Case No: Bed Nº: Patient Name: The patient will be able to return The patient and / or family will : Arrange for : to pre-illness living arrangements be aware of appropriate environmental changes or cope with disease condition discharge arrangements as treatments / equipment evidenced by verbalizing what health teaching services are being arranged. outpatient referral increase in coping abilities as evidenced by: rehabilitation others: Date / Initial: Date / Initials **Nursing Interventions** R Patient Problems **Expected Outcomes** D/C assess tolerance level Activity intolerance The patient will: elated to: identify activities that increase fatigue administer meds plan activity/rest as needed disease process participale in required physical monitor vital signs life style activities encourage breathing exercise employ safety measures age & use of incentive spirometer verbalize acceptance of limitations anxiety / pain modify diet meds / treatments demonstrate increased others: nutritional disorders tolerance for ADLs others others: monitor temperature Altered body temp. The patient will: maintain environmental related to: maintain body temperature temperature trauma / disease within normal limits for age maintain adequate intake meds / treatment verbalize signs & symptoms monitor accurate I/O environmental factors of hypo / hyperthermia others: extremes of age identify risk factors others: others: assess contributing factors diarrhea 🗆 constipation The patient will: monitor bowel function Actual | Potential administer meds Altered bowel verbalize understanding increase bulk intake elimination related to: of contributing factors initiate bowel programs meds / chemicals participate in therapy administer stool softeners impaired nutrition describe dietary requirements disease process establish as near to normal as ambulate increase fluid intake immobility/pressure points possible a bowel function pattern maturational age verbalize understanding of treatment others: others: others: The patient will exhibit stability in : Monitor: Actual □ Potential □ hemodynamic status ardiac rhythms Altered cardiac ☐ cardiac rhythm & BP vital signs function related to: □ fluid balance (I/O) hemodynamic instability fluid & electrolyte balance □ daily weight dysrrhythmia □ lab values / tests hypo / hypertension The patient verbalizes reportable others: pulmonary congestion symptoms fluid imbalance others: altered cardiac output others: assess for comfort & pain The patient will: Altered comfort relief pre / post intervention related to: verbalize and /or demonstrate administer meds relief of pain/ discomfort surgery / trauma provide comfort measures demonstrate relaxation technique disease process change position maintain pain at tolerance level allergic reaction prepare patient for procedures The patient will identify source of meds / treatment initiate therapeutic play pain/ discomfort according to age immobility/ pressure points others

others:

stress

attent manne; Case Nº

Date / Init	R	Patient Problems	Expected Outcomes	Nursing Interventions	Date / Initial
		Communication	The patient will :	use techniques to promote	
		impaired related to:	demonstrate increased	hearing / understanding	
\rightarrow		☐ disease process	ability to communicate	provide alternative	
		□ sensory deficit	use alternative communication	methods of communication	
		treatments	methods	consult speech therapy	-
		anger / anxiery / pain	use hearing aids	address problems / fears	
		□ language barrier	demonstrate increased	request help of translator	
		maturational age	ability to understand	assist with hearing aids	
		others :	others:	others :	
_		Ineffective coping	The patient will :	provide non-judgmental	
		(anxiety) related to:	acknowledge importance	environment	-
_		☐ impaired cognition	of behavior change		
		sensory overload	□ verbalize feelings	give positive feedback	
		assault to self esteem		consult psychotherapy	
		□ hospitalization	☐ identify obstacles	encourage patient to	
			identify personal strength	discuss ideas & fears	
		☐ lack of support / conflict	demonstrate less anxiety	remove excess stimulation	
		☐ maturational age	others :	others :	
_		Others:			
		□ Actual	The patient will :	assess vital signs	
		□ Potential	□ demonstrate no signs	□ record weight daily	
		Altered fluid volume	of fluid imbalance	□ record accurate I/O	
_		☐ Excess ☐ Deficit	□ verbalize knowledge of	☐ monitor lab values	
		related to :	related / contributing factors	□ change position	
		☐ inadequate I/O	□ verbalize understanding of	□ consult dietician	
		□ altered tissue integrity	dietary & fluid instructions	□ assess LOC	
_		☐ inadequate nutrition	& meds prescribed	□ monitor fluid intake	
		☐ disease process	□ others :	☐ restricted ☐ increased	
		□ vomiting / diarrhea		others :	
		□ meds / treatments			
		☐ environmental conditions			
		maturational age			
		others:			
		☐ Actual	The patient will :	□ assess signs & symptoms	
		□ Potential	□ be free from infection during	of infection	
		High risk for infection	hospitalization	identify related factors	
		related to :	□ verbalize factors that may	& mode of transmission	
		□ wound/surgery/trauma	Increase the risk of infection	□ monitor vital signs	
		☐ invasive lines/treatment	demonstrate adequate	□ monitor lab values	
		 environmental conditions 	personal hygiene & precaution	apply precaution technique	
		maturational age	techniques	apply universal precaution	
		☐ disease process	others:	others :	
		□ perinatal exposure			
		□ others :			
		Potential physical	The patient will :	□ assess orientation X 3	
		injury related to	remain free from injury during	& comprehensive ability	
		□ weakness / fatigue	hospitalization	☐ institute fall precaution	
		□ maturational age	remain calm during restraint	pad side rails as needed	
		meds / treatment	□ be unrestrained as soon as	☐ implement restraint protocol	
		sensory deficits	possible	□ administer meds	
		□ pain	identify potential factors for injury	assess sensory impairment	
		☐ disease process	verbalize an intent to practice	control age related hazards	
-		prolonged bed rest	selective preventive measures	orient to room setting	
		nenvironmental hazards	others:	orient to room setting	
		others :	□ wenda :	U omers :	
- 1		U GUIGID :			

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	Date /	Initials R	Detient Ducht-	E		Date / In
-	-	R	Patient Problems Impaired physical	Expected Outcomes The patient will :	Nursing Interventions	D/C
			mobility related to:		provide progressive	
>			☐ disease process	use assistive devices correctly request assistance with ambulation	mobilization	-
			☐ treatment / meds		provide safety measures	_
0		_	□ pain / fatigue	demonstrate measures to	☐ institute fall precaution	
11 - Mobility			☐ maturational age	increase mobility	perform range of motion	-
F			Others :	verbalize acceptance of limitations others:	□ encourage use of affected	
			DOUTETS:	Library :	extremity others:	
+			□Actual	The patient will maintain		-
			Potential	adequate nutritional status	weigh patient	
			Altered nutrition		□ monitor % of meals	
-			related to:	as indicated by :	& tolerance	
12- MULTINOLI				weight maintenance	assess preferences	
			☐ difficulty chewing/ swallowing ☐ nausea / vomiting	improved appetite	provide supplements	
5				□ demonstrating	administer tube feeding	
-			□disease / surgery	understanding	□ consult dietician	
¥.			inadequate sucking reflex	of diet modifications	administer meds	
ŀ			parental neglect	others :	provide oral hygiene	
1			□ congenital abnormalities		☐ feed baby	
1			others:		provide parenteral nutrition	
4					others:	
1			□Actual	☐ The patient's skin integrity	assess skin condition	
Ы			□ Potential	will be maintained / improved	position	
ŧ			Impaired tissue	during hospitalization	☐ instruct patient/ family about	
Ē'			integrity related to :	☐ The patient / family demonstrate	importance of nutrition,	
i			decreased mobility	optimal skin-care routine.	hygiene & mobility	
5			environmental conditions	☐ The patient will verbalize factors	use pressure therapy device	
13- Hasde Illiegilly			maturational age	related to skin maintenance	provide pressure sore care	
: [.			disease process	□ others :	use protective measures	
3			meds / treatments		☐ modify diet	
1			□radiation therapy		maintain fluid balance	
4			others:		☐ others :	
			Actual	The patient will	Monitor:	
1			Potential	maintain adequate ventilation	□ respiratory status	
2			Altered respiratory	during hospitalization	□ character of sputum	
計			status related to :	demonstrate methods to prevent	ABGs / lab values	
5			□ post-op status / CBR	acquiring infection	□ vital signs	
h			mechanical obstruction	have clear airways	□ start O2 therapy	
il.			□meds / treatments	perform breathing exercises	□ perform chest physiotherapy	
5.			□pain / anxiety	others:	☐ encourage use of incentive spirometer	
3			disease process		□ ambulate	
4 respinatoly dates			□maturational age		□ suction	
t			prematurity / croup		□ administer meds	
			complicated cesarean		☐ if assisted, assess	
			delivery		readiness for weaning	
4			□others:		□ others :	
			Self care deficit	☐ The patient will assist with	assess strengths and	
			related to :	progressive self care during	limitations	
ŀ			□disease process	hospitalization	assess causative or	
			□restrictive devices	☐ The patient care needs	contributing factors	
			□surgical procedures	will be met during hospitalization	evaluate ability to	
H			□pain / anxiety	☐The patient verbalizes the	participate in ADL	
			□visual disorders	need for total care .	□ involve patient / family	
			depression / anxiety	The patient will participate	in care	
F			immobility	physically / verbally in self care	□ administer meds	
				others:	use adaptive equipment	
			□others :		E others:	

others:

□others:

²atient Name: _____ Case N°:

Date	te / Initials	Detient Broblems	Expected Outcomes	Nursing Interventions	Date / Initia D/C
	R	Patient Problems		provide calm environment	010
		Sensory - perceptual	The patient will :	assess source of disturbance	
		alteration related to:	identify & eliminate potential risk factors	provide relaxing measures	
		impaired sensory organs	demonstrate decreased	☐ provide relaxing measures ☐ orient & assess orientation x3	
		disease process		☐ involve patient in provided	
		treatment/ meds	symptoms of sensory overload	care	
		pain / stress	verbalize understanding of	others:	
		□ social isolation	treatment	U otners :	
		others:	others:	□ reduce noise	
		Altered sleep	The patient will :	astablish day time plan	
		pattern related to:	describe factors that inhibit sleep	for activities & rest	
-	_	pain / discomfort	identify techniques to induce sleep		
		□meds / treatment	report an optimal balance of	decrease intake of fluids	
		□anxiety / fear	rest and activity	if voiding at night disrupts	
		☐disease process	maintain adequate sleep	administer meds	
		□equipment/devices	pattern according to age	provide comfort measures	
	_	environmental changes	□ others	explain to child concept	
		□immobility		of night & share fear	
	□others:			others:	
		Altered thought	The patient will:	assess LOC	
		process related to :	sustain no injury	provide safe environment	
		personality disorder	demonstrate improved mental status	develop plan for ADL	
		disease process	demonstrate improved LOC	assist in decision making	
_	_	□anxiety / fear	demonstrate improved	promote stimulation	
		□substance abuse	judgement ability	orient & provide	-
		□abuse / neglect	☐ engage in selfcare activities	sensory & social interaction	
		maturational age	☐ identify anxiety related conditions	others:	-
		□others:	others:		
		Altered tissue	The patient will :	☐ assess extremities	
		perfusion related to :	report improved sensation in limbs	assess pain	
		□disease process	☐ report acceptable level of comfort	position patient	
		□immobilization	verbalize reportable signs	□ ambulate	
		□treatment / meds	verbalize contributing factors	administer meds	
		environmental conditions		perform active/passive exercises	
		maturational age	circulation	consult dietician	
		others:	others:	others:	
		Altered patterns of	The patient will :	assess and monitor	
		urinary elimination	verbalize understanding of condition		
-		related to :	☐ identify causative/related factors	assess and monitor signs & symptoms	
		☐ disease process	☐ demonstrate techniques to	offer bedpan/urinal	
		trauma / surgery	prevent infection	provide comfort measures	
		meds / treatment	manage care of catheter/stoma	provide catheter/stoma care	
		pregnancy	and other appliances	maintain fluid balance (I/O)	
			□ stress / fear/pain □ maintain as near to normal □ observe vital signs & as possible urinary elimination voiding pattern		
		☐ maturational age			
		others:	□ others :	others:	
Hig	gh risk fo	r ineffective management	The patient/family will :	□ assess knowledge deficit	
		tic regimen related to :	□ verbalize/demonstrate understanding	identify factors to enhance les	irning
of	personal ci	naracteristics	of meds, activity, disease process,	Teach patient regarding :	1
	Dinsufficient knowledge		self care, pain management, food	disease process & reportab	
Πp	insufficient	dla anadananan	& drug/drug interaction	☐ lifestyle & environmental ch	anges
Op Die	insufficient lack of rea	diness/access		☐ treatment regimen	TANK
Op Oir			relate an intent to practice		
Op Ok Ok	lack of rea	liefs	relate an intent to practice health behaviors needed or desired	meds: dosage, frequency, s	
	lack of reac culture/ be maturation	liefs al age		 meds: dosage, frequency, s drug/drug & drug/food interes 	
Op Ois Oc Or	lack of reac culture/ be maturation	liefs	health behaviors needed or desired	meds: dosage, frequency, s	
Op Ois Ob Or	lack of rea- culture/ be- maturation complexity	liefs al age	health behaviors needed or desired utilize available educational resources	 meds: dosage, frequency, s drug/drug & drug/food interes 	

Patient Name:

-	Additio	nal p.	Patient Problems			
	Date	linin HC	Hatric / Negros			
		millals.	disord disord	Bre C		
	2	H	Patient Problems	ers (add for son Case	1 N/-	
	Process		Altered family process	- a.a fluorib)		
	2		folial family process	L.A.D.D.C.London		
			related to:	The patient ifamily will :		Construction of the last of th
Т	ramity		dispase process	verhaliant family will	Nursing Interventions	4
١.	ě			verbalize feelings	assing Interventions	Date / Inches
			death/separation		assist with appraisal of situation	D/C
- [à l		Channe		of situation	-
ı	-		The state of the s	Published functional	Create a private ec-	-
		-	Others -	maintain functional system for mutual support for each member others	create a private environment involve family in care	-
- 1	-		Altered growth &	Office Water to	18 n to	-
- [8		THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF TH	THE DATINGS OF	provide needed	
1	Chowle		development related to disease process	The patient / family will :	others Augustion	-
- 1	9		beaments	demonstrate an increase in behaviors in personal	355055 A	-
	Ď		Difference	behaviors in personal social language coonilise	patients de-	-
- 1			- parent/child conflict	language cognition & motor activities appropriate	patient's developmental level provide activities to	
- -			Total Belgiers	ectivities appropriate to	provide activities to most	-
ı		-	1 - 001eru	activities appropriate to age		-
н			Ineffective breast-		modify diet	-
ł	000000000000000000000000000000000000000		feeding related to	The mother will:		
- 11	Ö	-	breast anomaly	Clerido		
-1.	8		inter-	decide on appropriate method of feeding	assess knowledge	
- 1			Infant prematurity	or reeding	Uniculate automatic	The second second
-1	in the day		BUTGETY / Moute	lidentify activities to promote	waste thinto for a	-
-1	3		maternal fations in			-
		1			provide breast pump	
ŀ	9		inadequate nutrition		provide diet	-
Т	14		multiple births	maintain adequate nutrition	maintain adequate intake	-
L			others	& fluid intake	others orequate intake	
ı				□ Others:		The same of the sa
1			Altered parenting	The parties of the same		
н	Br.	-	related to :	The patient / family will :		-
- 13	Allending		I separation from	L. smare feelings recover.	assess behaviors:	-
П	2		nuclear family		encourage sharing difficulties	
			L marital problems	UNISCIDE Sporograph	- moness abuse	
- Is	å		emotional problems	- Partition resources for any interest	give age related instructions	
Г	4		disease problems	Others :	encourage participation is a	
l			disease process		- expedin propertures	
b	Artelition	1.5	Liothers :		discuss disciplinary measures	
Ľ	MURITIO	nal Prot	olems (specify) :		others:	

Nursing Care Plan Updates (place your initials under the related shift)

Date D/M/Y	N	D	To the last	(Caratad shift)
		-	E	Caso No:
				Remarks
	-	-		Manalike
	-		-	
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RN Name Initials RN Name Initials

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Our Experience with the First Project

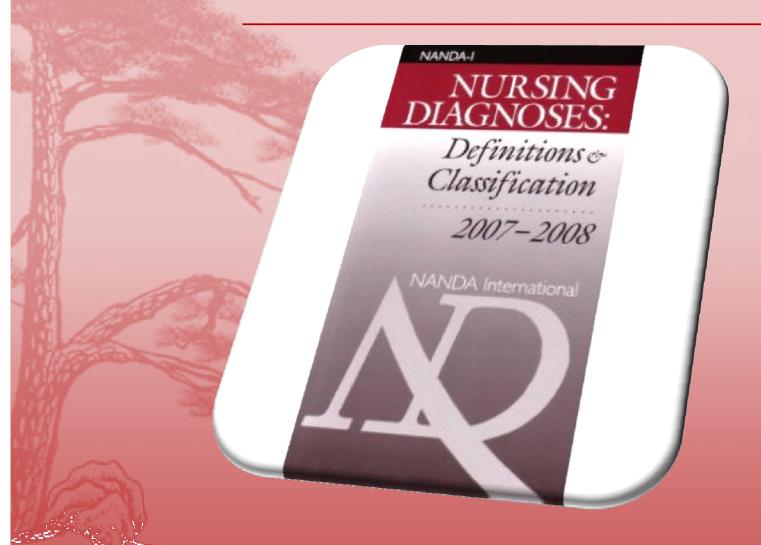
Education, Training, and Evaluation

- Workshops to all nurses
- Training to unit champions
- NMs discussing cases with nurses through care plan application
- NSA rounding on units and discussing selected cases as well
- Quality people performing audits
- Put in policy

Challenges and Areas of Improvement

- Checking just to check
- No connection between assessment findings-diagnosis-interventionsoutcome measures.
- Process did not encourage critical thinking

The Year 2007-2011



Care Plan Document

de la				االك
			Patient Name:	
	Health promotion Health status Treatment and care Coping abilities Unissabled proteins Know Good Betting Status Good Betting Status Includes developing and providing instruction in Includes, familiare, groups or communities	(check what is applicab amouth move from one level of or engive plan for the safe discharge te situ.	Patient No. Bed No.	
				30902

Sample Diagnosis:

Stickers

Activity in	tolerance	☐ Actual		
Initiated Date / Initials	Resolved Date / Initials	Nursing Interventions Assess patient's to perform activities of daily living (ADLs) Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) Encourage energy conservation procedures: (ex. sitting while bathing) Assist and encourage participation in self care Provide uninterrupted rest periods	Promote exercise and ambulation Oxygen therapy Consult dietitian Psychological support Environmental safety	٠
		Outcomes Activity tolerance	☐ Energy conservation	

Altered Boy	wel Eliminati	on (specify) ☐ Constipation	□ Actual □ Box	□ Potential vel Incontinence	☐ Diarrhea	
	Resolved	Nursing Interve		voi moontinenee	2 Bioliniou	
Date/ Initials	Date/ Initials	 Bowel assess 	sment		 Encourage exercise 	
		 Monitor bowe 	el frequency, chara	acteristic and		
		amount of sto	ool		 Bowel Irrigation/ training 	
		 Monitor labor 	atory results/ Take	e specimens, as		
		appropriate			 Ostomy care 	
		 Monitor intake 	e / out put		 Consult dietitian 	
		 Insert NG tub 	oe e		 Administer medications 	
		Encourage flu	uid intake	_		
		Outcomes				
		☐ Bowel continu	ence		□ Bowel elimination Q	
						30913

Initiated Date/ Initials	Resolved Date/ Initials	Nursing Interventions • Evaluate chest pain; intensity, radiation, duration, precipitating, and alleviating factors • Monitor pace maker functioning • Monitor cardiac rythm • Hemodynamic monitoring • Neurologic assessment	Monitor arterial blood gases Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, PR, BP) Fluid/electrolyte monitoring Monitor laboratory results Medication administration
		Outcomes Gardiac pump effectiveness Girculation status	☐ Organ perfusion

Decreased	Intracranial	Adaptive Capacity	
Initiated Date/ Initials	Resolved Date/ Initials	Nursing Interventions Maintain Intracranial Pressure: 10-15 mmHg Maintain Cerebral Perfusion Pressure >50mmHg Monitor ICP waveform Position to maintain good body alignment Provide break between activities that increase ICP	
		Outcomes Intracranial and celebral perfusion pressure within normal range	-
			30936

	Swallowing	☐ Actual	Potential
Initiated	Resolved	Nursing Interventions	
Date/ Initials	Date/Initials	 Monitor gag/ cough reflex/ swallowing ability 	 Feed in small amounts
		 Monitor level of consciousness/ neurologic status 	 Break or crush pills before administration
		 Respiratory monitoring/ patent airway 	 Aucid drinking with straws
		Keep suction set up available	 Instruct patient not to talk during eating
		Enteral tube feeding	Consult dietitian
		 Positioning upright during feeding and after feeding 	 Keep tracheal cuff inflated
		 Encourage aspiration precaution diet 	Oral hygiene
		Outcomes	
		☐ Aspiration control	☐ Improved swallowing status 30908

		Outcomes Nutrients are provided meeting metabolic needs	Weight control
		Facilitate loss/ gain of weight Exercise promotion	Preutation auministration
		Monitor laboratory results Facilitate local pain of weight	Bottle feeding/breast feeding Medication administration
		Consult dietitian	Total parental nutrition administration
		 Determine body mass index (BMI) 	Enteral tube feeding
		Weight manitoring	 Fluid/electrolyte management
		 Assess food preferences 	Reward patient when goals are attained
Date/ Initials	Date/ Initials	Monitor appetite	Encourage substitution of undesirable habit
Initiated	Resolved	Nursing Interventions	
		More than body requirements	Less than body requirements

npaired Pl	hysical Mobi	ility 🗆 Actual		
initiated Date/ Initials	Resolved Date/Initials	Nursing Interventions Assess activity levels Plan activities according to energy level Exercise promotion/ perform range of motion Consult physiotherapy	Provide assistance in self care activities Perform range of motion Environmental safety Positioning	
		Outcomes Ambulation Improved mobility level	☐ Active joint movement	30920

Creat prijacotorapy and doogs of the control of a composite			Outcomes Immune Status WBC =	☐ Prevention of infection
Date/ Initials • Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) • Monitor laboratory results • Take specimens as appropriate • Maintain isolation precaution techniques • Limit number of visitors/ eliminate fresh flowers • Neutropenic precautions • Inspect skin and mucous membranes • Promote sufficient nutritional intake • Wound care • Perineal care • Post partal care • Pressure ulcer care • Tube care • Medication administration			Oral hygiene	department, as appropriate
Date/ Initials • Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) • Monitor laboratory results • Take specimens as appropriate • Maintain isolation precaution techniques • Limit number of visitors/ eliminate fresh flowers • Neutropenic precautions • Inspect skin and mucous membranes • Promote sufficient nutritional intake • Wound care • Perinaal care • Post partal care • Pressure ulcer care • Tube care • Medication administration			 Chest physiotherapy and cough enhancement 	 Report suspected infections to Infection control
Date/ Initials Oute/ Initials Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) Monitor laboratory results Take specimens as appropriate Maintain isolation precaution techniques Limit number of visitors/ eliminate fresh flowers Pressure ulcer care			 Inspect skin and mucous membranes 	
Date/ Initials Otal Initials Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) Monitor laboratory results Take specimens as appropriate Maintain isolation precaution techniques Perineal care			Neutropenic precautions	Tube care
Date! Initials Otal Initials Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) Monitor laboratory results Take specimens as appropriate Perinaal care			 Limit number of visitors/ eliminate fresh flowers 	 Pressure uicer care
Date/ Initials Oute/ Initials Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) Monitor laboratory results Wound care			 Maintain isolation precaution techniques 	 Post partal care
Datel Initials ■ Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) ■ Promote sufficient nutritional intake			Take specimens as appropriate	Perineal care
			 Monitor laboratory results 	Wound care
Initiated Resolved Nursing Interventions	Date/Initials	Date/Initials	 Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) 	 Promote sufficient nutritional intake
	Initiated	Resolved	Nursing Interventions	

Altered Urin	ary Elimina	tion (specify)		
		☐ Urinary Retention	☐ Incontinence	
Initiated	Resolved	Nursing Interventions		
Date/Initials	Date/Initials	Urinary assessment	 Urinary catheterization/ care 	
		Monitor urine out put	 Perineal care 	
		Monitor laboratory results/ take specimens, as		
		appropriate	 Medication administration 	
		Bladder training/ irrigation/ pelvic muscles		
		exercise		
		Outcomes		
		☐ Urinary continence	☐ Urinary elimination	
				30914

Pain		□Actual	
nitiated	Resolved Date! Initials	Acute Nursing Interventions Pain assessment; (location, characteristics, onset, duration frequency, quality, intensity, alleviating and aggravating factors, radiation) Observe for nonverbal cues of discomfort Explore patient's knowledge and belief about pain Determine the impact of pain on quality of Life Determine the interference of pain on ADLs Distraction' music therapy' relaxation therapy Heat' cold application Outcomes	Chronic Recommend appropriate relaxing positions Control environmental factors that influence response to discomfort Emotional support Medication administration/ patient control analgesia Mutual goal setting Pain management procedures
		 Alleviation or a reduction of pain to a level of comfort that is acceptable to the patient. 	Pain score

Falls		☐ Potential	
Initiated Date/ Initial		Initiate fall interventions Initiate fall interventions as per hospital policy Keep the 4 side rails up Lock the bed brakes Provide adequate nighttime lighting Lower the bed to its lowest position at all Times when not providing care Assess high risk patients every 2 hrs and Provide toilet assistance	Keep the call bell button within patient's reach a all times Place the patient's personal belonging and phor within reach at all times Keep clutter - tree, well-lit environment Advise patient to wear safe footwear Educate the patient and/ or family on "fall management prevention"
	O	utcomes	*
		Fall Prevention	30923

itiated Resolved atel Initials Datel Initials	Nursing Interventions Skin assessment (color, temperature, moisture, texture, integrity)		
	Pressure ulcer assessment/ prevention/ care	Dianthea management	
	Positioning	Wound/ ostomy care Cast/ traction care	
	Keep bed linen clean, dry and wrinkle free Fluid/electrolyte monitoring	 Incision site care Perineal care 	
	 Skin hygiene and care 	 Sitz bath 	
	 Radiation site care 	 Medication administration 	
	Outcomes		
	☐ Intact skin integrity		
			30910

Case Study

<u>History:</u>

H.C., a 70 year old woman who has just to the emergency department.

Chief complaint:

Her daughter tells you that she is not arousable, having diarrhea and difficulty breathing since yesterday

V/S:

BP: 100/40mmHg

HR:100bpm

RR: 35breaths/min

T: 39°C

Physical examination findings:

- Stuperous opening eyes to pain
- Shallow breathing with decreased air entry
- Cyanotic
- Concentrated urine(after inserting an indwelling catheter)

Assessment Findings: Documentation

American University of Beirut Medical Center Nursing Services Patient Assessment / Reassessment - Medical Surgical

Patient Laber

	ENTER THE TOTAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE		
	□ 7-3 □ 3-11 □ 11-7 □ Acuity 2 Date:Time:	□ 7-3 □ 3-11 □11-7 □ Acuity 2 Date: Time:	☐ 7-3 ☐ 3-11 ☐ 11-7 ☐ Acuity 2 ☐ Date: Time:
Neuromuscular Alert, oriented to	□ Not indicated for assessment* □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met LOC	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met LOC	□ Not indicated for assessment. □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met
person, place, time, PERRLA, speech clear and appropriate, purposeful movement in all	Lethargic Obtunded Stuper Unresponsive/comatose Disordents to Person Place Time	□ Confused □ Lethargic □ Obtunded □ Stupor □ Unresponsive/comatose □ Disoriented to □ Place □ Time	Confused Lethargic Obtunde Stupor Unresponsive/comato Disoriented to Person Place Time
extremities, stable gait	Pupils O Non reactive OR! OL! O Unequal reactive Sensory O Dizziness ONumbness	Pepils Non reactive QRt QLt Unequal reactive Sensory Dizziness @Numbness	Pupils Unon reactive IRt ILt Unequal reactive Sensory Dizziness Unumbness
	□ Altered vision □ Rt □ Lt □ Altered hearing □ Rt □ Lt Movement □ Unstable galt □ Tremors □ Paralysis □ Weakness □ Umited ROM	□ Altered vision □ Rt □ Lt □ Altered hearing □ Rt □ Lt Movement □ Unstable galt □ Tremors □ Paralysis	OAltered vision ORt Oilt OAltered hearing ORt Olt Movement OUnstable gait OTremors OParalys
	Speech Shured Cincamprehensible	□ Weakness □ Limited ROM Speech □ Stured □ Aphasia □ Incomprehensible	□ Weakness: □ Limited ROM Speech □ Slurred □ Aphasia □ (incomprehensible
Behavioral Calm, cooperative, appropriate responsiveness and communication, no illusions/ hallucinations	□ Not indicated for assessment* □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met U Restlessness — Agitation □ Unclear inmixing □ □ Fear □ Incuherent speech □ Excessive sleep □ Illusions' Hallucinations □ Delayed responsiveness □ Suicidal Ideations □ Insamnia	□ Not Indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Restlessness □ Agitation □ Unclear thinking □ Fear □ Incoherent speech □ Excessive sieep □ Illusions/ Hellucinations □ Cellayed responsiveness □ Suicidal ideations □ Insomnia	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Restlessness □ Agitation □ Unclear trinking □ Fear □ Incoherent speech □ Ultusione/ Hallucinations □ Deleyed responsiveness □ Suicidal ideations □ Insomnia
Respiratory Breathing unlabored, breath sounds clear bilaterally, no cough	□ Not indicated for assassment* □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met Breathing Pattern □ Apnea □ Bredypna □ Tachypnea □ Dyspnea □ Sha Dus □ Orthopnea □ Irregular □ Accessory muscle use □ Unclear Breath Sounds □ Wheezes □ Rt □ Lt □ Crackles □ Rt □ Lt	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met Breathing Pattern □ Apnea □ Bredypnea□ Tachypnea □ Dyspnea □ Shallow □ Orthopnes □ Inregular □ Accessory muscle use Unclear Breath Sounds □ Wheezes □ Rt □ Lt □ Crackles □ Rt □ Lt □ Rhonchi □ Rt □ Lt	□Not indicated for assessment □Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met Breathing Pattern □Annea □ Bradynnea □ Tachypnea □Dyspnea □ Shallow □Crthopnea □ Bregular □Accessory muscle use □Moclear Breath Sounds □Wheeles □ Rt □Lt □Crackies □ Rt □Lt □Crackies □ Rt □Lt
	Diminished Dist Dit Di	Oliminished Rt UL Oliminished Rt UL Cough Productive Non productive Sputum Umilish Dyellowish Brownish Thick Bfrothy Bloody Blood Hogel	Diminished

Cardiovasoular Regular putse, normal heart sounds, no edema, capillary refill <3 seconds, no JVD, no ascitis, palpable peripheral pulses (DP and Radial)	Not indicated for assessment* Criteria Met Criteria Not Met Irregular pulse Abnormal heart sounds Peripheral pulses non palpable Radial Rt Lt DP	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Irregular pubse □ Ashormal heart sounds Poripheral pulses non palpable Radial □ Rt □ Lt □ DP □ Rt □ Lt □ JVD □ Delayed Capiltary Refill □ Cyanosis Edema □ Grade 1: Quickly disappears □ Grade 3: Remains 1-2 Minutes □ Grade 4: Remains 2-5 Minutes	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Iregular pulse □ Abnormal heart sounds Peripheral pulses non palpable Radial □ Rt □ Lt □ DP □ Rt □ Lt □ JVD □ Delayed Capillary Refill □ Cyanosis Edema □ Grade 1: Quickly disappears □ Grade 3: Remains 10-15 Seconds □ Grade 4: Remains 10-25 Minutes □ Grade 4: Remains 2-5 Minutes
Gastro - Intestinal Abdomen soft, not distended, not tender, present bowel sounds 5- 30/minute, bowel movement as per routine, good appetite, oral mucosa pink	Not indicated for assessment* Criteria Met Criteria Not Met Distended Tender Rigid Mausea Vomiting Diamhea Constipation Incontinence Oral mucositis Bowel Sounds Absent Hyperactive Hypoactive	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Distended □ Tender □ Rigid □ Nausea □ Vomiting □ Diamtea □ Constipation □ Incontinence □ Coral mucositis ■ Bowel Sounds □ Absent □ Hyperactive □ Hypoactive	Not indicated for assessment Criteria Met Criteria Not Met Distended Tender Rigid Nausea Vorniting Diarrhea Constipation Incontinence Oral mucositis Bowel Sounds Absent Hyperactive Hypoactive
Genite-Urinary Voiding with no difficulties, clear colored and adequate urine output	Not indicated for assessment* Griteria Met Griteria Not Met Oliguria Dysuria Anuria Debyuria Dark colored unine Hematuria Descenses	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Oliguria □ Dysuria □ Anuria □ Pelyuria □ Derik colored urine □ Hematuria □ Inconfinence □ Retention □ Abnormal discharge	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Oliguria □ Dysuria □ Anuria □ Polyuria □ Darik colored unine □ Harnaturia □ Incontinence □ Retention □ Abnormal discharge
<u>Pain</u> No Pain at exam time	For initial Assessment Refer to Nursing Data Base For Reassessment Criteria Met Criteria Not Met (Pain Identified)	□ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met (Pain Identified)	□ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met (Pain Identified)
Integumentary Skin is warm, dry, no rash, lesions, or pressure ulcers	Criteria Met	Criteria Met	Criteria Met
Surgical Wound/Incision No Wound / Incision. Wound clean, dry, no discharge noticed. No wound infection or dehiscence.	Not indicated for assessment* Criteria Met Criteria Not Met Redness Swelling Tenderness Dehiscence Discharge Bloody Purulent Serosanguineous Biliary Serous Odorous Amount Minimal Moderate Excessive	□ Not indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Redness □ Swelling □ Tenderness □ Dehiscence □ Bloody □ Purulent □ Sero-sanguineous □ Bliary □ Serous □ Odorous Amount □ Minimal □ Moderate □ Excessive	□ Not Indicated for assessment □ Criteria Met □ Criteria Not Met □ Radness □ Swelling □ Tenderness □ Dehiscence Discharge □ Bloody □ Purulent □ Sero-sanguineous □ Bilary □ Serous □ Odorous Amount □ Minimal □ Moderate □ Excessive
	RN Name and Signature	RN Name and Signature	RN Name and Signature

Diagnosis and Outcome Selection

☐ Impaired Gaseous Ex☐ Ineffective Airway Clo ☐ Ineffective Breathing	earance	☐ Dysfunctional Weaning Response☐ Impaired Spontaneous Ventilation
Initiated Resolved Date/ Initials Date/ Initials	Nursing Interventions Ausoultate breath sounds/ respiratory monitoring ABGs Interpretation Hemodynamic monitoring Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP) Assess level of consciousness Inspect mucous membranes and skin for cyanosis Monitor chest x-ray findings Allow for rest periods between activities Positioning	Chest physiotherapyl cough enhancement Incentive spirometry Ouygen therapyl mechanical ventilation Suctioning - airway Fluid management Aspiration precaution Medication administration Emotional support
	Outcomes □ Electrolyte balance □ Acid/ base balance □ Gas exchange	☐ Airway palency ☐ Adequate ventilation

		☐ Hypothermia	☐ Hyperthermia
Initiated	Resolved	Nursing Interventions	
Date/ Initials Date/ Initials	 Monitor vital signs (T, HR, RR, BP) 	 New born care/monitoring 	
		Monitor skin color	 Environmental considerations/ warm blankets
		 Monitor laboratory results 	 Fluid management
		Monitor ABGs	 Apply compressors as needed
	Monitor intake/output	 Medication administration 	
		Hemodynamic monitoring	
		Outcomes	
		☐ Thermoregulation	□ T =30904

	☐ Cerebral	☐ Gastro Intestinal ☐ Peripheral	☐ Renal
 Resolved Date/ Initials	Cardiopulmonary Nursing Interventions	_ raipiaa	
	• Vital signs monitoring (T, HR, RR, BP)	 Monitor for signs for dec 	reased tissue perfusion
	Hemodynamic monitoring	 Oxygen therapy 	
	ABGs monitoring	Blood/ blood products a	dministration
	Monitor intake/output.	Medication administration	n
	 Monitor laboratory results 		
	Outcomes		
	☐ Tissue perfusion		30922

Fluid Volume		☐ Actual	☐ Potential	
Initiated Date! Initials	Resolved is Datel Initials	□ Deficit Nursing Interventions Assess skin integrity, capimembranes Vital signs monitoring (T, Monitor intake/output Monitor for distended necland peripheral edema Hemodynamic monitoring ABGs monitoring Monitor laboratory results	HR, RR, BP) ok veins, crackles in lungs	Excess Administer fluid and electrolyte, as appropriate Blood/ blood products administration Encourage/ restrict oral hydration Medication administration Weight patient as ordered Resuscitation: fetus Dialysis
		Outcomes ☐ Fluid balance		3090

Intervention Selection

Interventions on various forms:

- Selected from care plan stickers
- Documented on Physician's order sheet, Flow sheet, medication administration record...

 $\frac{\text{Progress note}}{\text{PIO}}$ format

Problem
Intervention
Outcome

Education, Training, and Follow Up

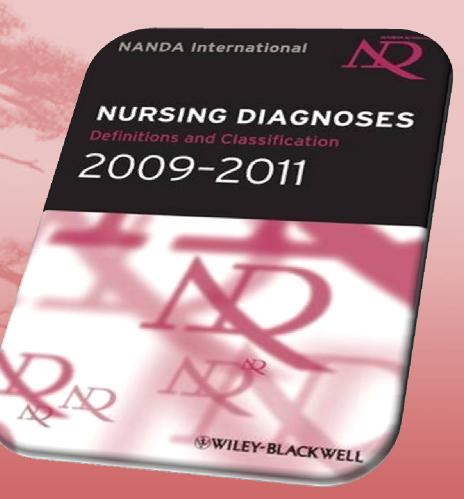
Education, Training, and Evaluation

- Education to all nurses through a workshop.
- Training provided by Clinical Educators and Advanced Practice Nurses to all Staff Nurses.
- Colorful boards on the units were designed to have sticker-holders mounted to.
- Staff nurses select only pertinent diagnosis (go-and-get)
- Nursing Quality Improvement Officers, CEs and APNs periodically perform audits and case discussions.
 - Revise policy

Challenges and Areas of Improvement

- Gaps in linking the diagnosis with interventions and outcomes (but less than the previous approach).
- Absence of interdisciplinary diagnosis.

The Year 2011



Dur Plan

- Have a look at the new NANDA classification
- Review, and revise our current Care Plan Structure to be aligned with the latest version.

Involving staff nurses, nurse managers, clinical educators, advanced practice nurses, nursing quality improvement, information technology, and medical records.